L Number	Hits	Search Text	DB	Time stamp
1	7	"2078564"	USPAT;	2003/07/26 10:53
			US-PGPUB;	
			EPO; JPO;	
			DERWENT;	
	_		IBM_TDB	0000/07/00 44:00
5	9	"1145623"	USPAT;	2003/07/26 11:29
			US-PGPUB;	
			EPO; JPO; DERWENT;	
			IBM_TDB	
	219	"N-[(2R)-2,4-dihydroxy-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutyl]-beta-Alanine"	USPAT;	2003/07/26 10:53
-	219	"N-(2,4-dihydroxy-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutyl)-(R)-beta-Alanine"	US-PGPUB;	2000/01/20 10:00
		"d-Pantothenic acid"	EPO; JPO;	
		a rantomonio abia	DERWENT;	
		"(+)-Pantothenic acid"	IBM_TDB	,
		"(D)-(+)-Pantothenic acid"	_	·
		"Chick antidermatitis factor"		
		"D(+)-N-(2,4-Dihydroxy-3,3-dimethylbutyryl)betaalanine"		
		"D-Pantothenic acid"		
		"Pantothenic acid"		
		"Vitamin B3"		
		"Vitamin B5"		
	20	(IIII E(OD) O 4 dibudana 2 2 dimathul 4 ayabutul bata Alapina"	USPAT;	2003/07/25 14:21
-	36	("N-[(2R)-2,4-dihydroxy-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutyl]-beta-Alanine" "N-(2,4-dihydroxy-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutyl)-(R)-beta-Alanine"	US-PGPUB;	2003/07/25 14.21
		"d-Pantothenic acid"	EPO; JPO;	
		d-Famoureriic acid	DERWENT;	
		"(+)-Pantothenic acid"	IBM_TDB	
		"(D)-(+)-Pantothenic acid"		
		"Chick antidermatitis factor"		
		"D(+)-N-(2,4-Dihydroxy-3,3-dimethylbutyryl)betaalanine"		
		"D-Pantothenic acid"		
		"Pantothenic acid"	•	
		"Vitamin B3"		
		"Vitamin B5"		
) and inject\$5	LICDAT	0000/07/05 44:00
-	0	IIDantath an C4II	USPAT;	2003/07/25 14:23
		"Pantothen\$4"	US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO;	
		·	DERWENT;	
			IBM TDB	
-	8214	Pantothen\$4	USPAT;	2003/07/25 14:23
]			US-PGPUB;	
			EPO; JPO;	
j			DERWENT;	
			IBM_TDB	
-	113	Pantothen\$4 same inflammat\$4	USPAT;	2003/07/25 14:23
			US-PGPUB;	
			EPO; JPO; DERWENT;	
			IBM_TDB	
_	134	Pantothen\$4 same (inflammat\$4 pain\$4)	USPAT:	2003/07/25 14:24
	154	Transmoner same (iiiiaiiiiiiater painer)	US-PGPUB;	2000/01/20 17:27
			EPO; JPO;	
			DERWENT;	
			IBM_TDB	
-	47	Pantothen\$4 same (inflammat\$4 pain\$4) and inject\$5	USPAT;	2003/07/26 11:29
			US-PGPUB;	
			EPO; JPO;	
			DERWENT;	
			IBM_TDB	

L22 ANSWER 46 OF 54 USPATFULL on STN

94:33239 USPATFULL ACCESSION NUMBER:

Methods of treatment of clinical conditions using TITLE:

pantothenic acid

Leung, Lit-Hung, Room 502, Dragon Seed Building, 39 INVENTOR (S):

Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong, Hong Kong

<--

DATE NUMBER KIND ______

US 5304574 19940419 PATENT INFORMATION:

19920807 (7) US 1992-927189 APPLICATION INFO.:

Continuation of Ser. No. US 1991-713965, filed on 11 RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Jun 1991, now abandoned

DATE NUMBER

_____ GB 1991-2830 PRIORITY INFORMATION: 19910211

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: Granted

Cintins, Marianne M. PRIMARY EXAMINER:

Cook, Rebecca ASSISTANT EXAMINER:

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Thompson, Hine and Flory

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 7 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: LINE COUNT: 732

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

A method for treating human beings suffering from chronic bronchial asthma, acute rhinitis, disseminated lupus erythematosus, or neurodermatitis which comprises administering to said human being a therapeutically effective amount of pantothenic acid or a derivative. L22 ANSWER 51 OF 54 USPATFULL on STN

86:60714 USPATFULL ACCESSION NUMBER:

Utilization of a single vitamin or a combination of TITLE:

various vitamins

Motschan, Georges, Schonbeinstrasse 21, 4056 Basel, 'INVENTOR(S):

Switzerland

KIND DATE NUMBER ______ US 4619829 19861028 <--PATENT INFORMATION: WO 8401899 19840524 <--19840713 (6) US 1984-631555 APPLICATION INFO .: WO 1983-CH127 19831116 19840713 PCT 371 date 19840713 PCT 102(e) date

> NUMBER DATE -----

PRIORITY INFORMATION:

CH 1982-6682

19821116

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER:

Robinson, Douglas W.

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Ostrolenk, Faber, Gerb & Soffen

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

9

FILE SEGMENT:

1

LINE COUNT:

637

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The invention refers to a new utilization of a unique vitamin or a combination of various vitamins in the long-term treatment and/or prevention of rheumatic diseases.

During a long-term treatment and/or prevention of rheumatic diseases, a unique vitamin or a combination of various vitamins is administered to a patient.

L7 ANSWER 30 OF 43 CA COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 4

ACCESSION NUMBER:

120:124882 CA

TITLE:

Amines and amine-related derivatives of benzoic acid

for treating inflammatory diseases

INVENTOR(S):

Shapiro, Howard K.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 89 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PAT	ENT :	NO.		KI	4D	DATE			A	PPLI	CATI	и ис) .	DATE				
	WO 9400135			A1 19940106				WO 1993-US6167 19930629											
		W:	AU,	BB,	BG,	BR,	CA,	CZ,	FI,	HU,	JP,	ΚP,	KR,	LK,	MG,	MN,	MW,	NO,	
							SK,											_	
		RW:										ΙE,					PT,	SE,	
			BF,									MR,							
	ΑU	9346	553		A:	1	1994	0124		A	U 19	93-4	6553		1993	0629			
		6743																	
	EΡ	6046	41		A:	1.	1994	0706		E	P 19	93-9	1683	4	1993	0629			
	EΡ	6046																	
•		R:										ΙE,					NL,	PT,	SE
	AT	2146	80		E		2002	0415				93-9							
PRIOF	ZTIS	APP	LN.	INFO	. :					US 1	992-	9069	09	A2	1992	0630			
										WO 1	993-	US61	67	Α	1993	0629			

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 120:124882

AB Amines capable of covalently binding carbonyl substances, in combination with other agents such as antioxidants, free radical scavengers, and vitamins are used for the treatment of chronic inflammatory disorders featuring oxidative free radical reactions, lipid peroxidn., and generation of carbonyl compds. A clin. study showed that an administration of vitamin E 800 IU, methionine 1g, and PABA 1.1g per day to a patient with arthritis decreased pain and improved functional status.

ANSWER 21 OF 43 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

TITLE:

1999:132886 USPATFULL L-carnitine, acetyl-L-carnitine, and pantothenic acid or ubiquinone, combined for prevention and treatment of

syndromes related to ineffective energy metabolism

Howard, James R., 277 West "G" St., Brawley, CA, United

States 92227

NUMBER KIND DATE -----

US 5973004 19991026 PATENT INFORMATION:

US 1998-3337 19980106 (9) APPLICATION INFO.:

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1997-826555, filed RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

on 4 Apr 1997, now patented, Pat. No. US 5889055

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility Granted FILE SEGMENT:

INVENTOR (S):

MacMillan, Keith D. PRIMARY EXAMINER: LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Nixon & Vanderhye P.C.

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1 LINE COUNT: 1118

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

A combination can be of L-carnitine and acetyl-L-carnitine, preferably with pantothenic acid or ubiquinone, is administered orally or as a parenteral injection in domesticated animals, especially pet animals, and humans for prevention or treatment of syndromes or diseases arising from dysfunctional energy metabolism. Syndromes involving skeletal and cardiac muscle benefited from L-carnitine, and syndromes related to the central nervous system improved with acetyl-L-carnitine, are effectively treated. The cofactors L-carnitine and acetyl-L-carnitine do not substitute metabolically for each other, and the effects of the combination are found to be synergistic.

L7 ANSWER 16 OF 43 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:224270 USPATFULL

TITLE: Methods of treating chronic inflammatory diseases using

carbonyl trapping agents

INVENTOR(S): Shapiro, Howard K., 214 Price Ave., Apt. F-32,

Narberth, PA, United States 19072

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION: US 6444221 B1 20020903

APPLICATION INFO.: US 1999-416120 19991012 (9)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1995-473786, filed

on 7 Jun 1995, now abandoned Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1992-906909, filed on 30 Jun 1992, now

abandoned

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: GRANTED

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Kulkosky, Peter F. ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Di Nola-Baron, Liliana

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 26 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 0 Drawing Figure(s); 0 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 2400

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

These and other objects of this invention are achieved by providing a AB novel method and compositions for the clinical treatment of chronic inflammatory diseases. This invention involves use of systemically administered compositions which include primary amine derivatives of benzoic acid as carbonyl trapping agents. These primary therapeutic agents act by chemically binding to and sequestering the aldehyde and/or ketone products of lipid peroxidation. Increased levels of lipid peroxidation have been repeatedly demonstrated as a part of the non-enzymatic "inflammatory cascade" process which underlies the secondary etiology of chronic inflammatory diseases. p-Aminobenzoic acid (or PABA) is an example of the primary therapeutic agent of the present invention. PABA has a small molecular weight, is water soluble, has a primary amine group that reacts with carbonyl-containing metabolites under physiological conditions and is tolerated by the body in relatively high dosages and for extended periods. The carbonyl sequestering agents are used in combination with at least one co-agent so as to produce an additional beneficial physiological effect of an anti-inflammatory nature. Such compositions are administered systemically entirely via the oral route. Co-agents of the present invention include anti-oxidants and free radical trapping compounds (e.g., .alpha.-tocopherol), compounds having indirect anti-oxidant activity (e.g., selenium), vitamins (e.g., pyridoxine HCl), compounds which facilitate kidney drug elimination (e.g., glycine), metabolites at risk of depletion (e.g., pantothenic acid), sulfhydryl containing chemicals (e.g., methionine), compounds which facilitate glutathione activity (e.g., N-acetylcysteine), and non-absorbable polyamine co-agents (e.g., chitosan).

L7 ANSWER 39 OF 43 IFICDB COPYRIGHT 2003 IFI on STNDUPLICATE 5
AN 1750199 IFIPAT; IFIUDB; IFICDB
TITLE: COMPOSITION FOR RELIEVING TOOTHACHE PAIN

AND OTHER FORMS OF INTENSE PAIN

INVENTOR(S): Barron, Larry, 7 Hamilton Avenue, Winnipeg, Manitoba,

CA

Barron, Susan C, 7 Hamilton Avenue, Winnipeg,

Manitoba, CA Unassigned Moyer, Donald B

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Moyer ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Roll AGENT: Garr

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Rollins, Jr, John W Garrett, Kenneth M

NUMBER PK DATE
-----PATENT INFORMATION: US 4650668 19870317

(CITED IN 003 LATER PATENTS)

APPLICATION INFORMATION: US 1984-685080 19841221

EXPIRATION DATE: 21 Dec 2004

FAMILY INFORMATION: US 4650668 19870317

DOCUMENT TYPE: UTILITY EXPIRED FILE SEGMENT: CHEMICAL

GRANTED

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 5

AB A treatment for temporary relief of pain wherein a single dose comprises the following: 4 grams calcium gluconate by injection

, 1 gram Vitamin C (calcium ascorbate), 100 mg magnesium hydroxide, 50 mg Vitamin B6 (pyridoxine hydrochloride), 1 gram pantothenic acid,

effervescent solution.

CLMN 5 __

L7 ANSWER 40 OF 43 CA COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 6

ACCESSION NUMBER: 105:197195 CA

TITLE: Composition for relieving toothache pain and

other forms of intense pain

INVENTOR(S): Barron, Larry; Barron, Susan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Can.

SOURCE: Can., 6 pp.

CODEN: CAXXA4
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO. DA	ATE
				-
CA 1208132	A1	19860722	CA 1985-477206 19	9850322
US 4650668	Α	19870317	US 1984-685080 19	9841221
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO	.:		US 1985-685080 19	9851221
			CA 1985-477206 .19	9850322

AB An improved formulation for relieving temporarily tooth pain and other forms of intense pain with no side effects consists of a kit comprising 2 parts: the 1st part contains 1-4 g Ca gluconate in an injectable form and the 2nd part contains a compn. prepd. from 1-4 g pantothenic acid (optionally as Ca salt), 500 mg-4 g vitamin C (as Ca ascorbate), 50-100 mg vitamin B6 and 100-300 mg Mg(OH)2 in a form suitable for oral administration. The 2nd part further includes NaHCO3 and citric acid in amts. sufficient to render the compn. effervescent in water prior to administration. The formulation allows the Ca to be available all at once. Following the Ca gluconate injection the individual patient is given the effervescent part by oral administration thereby enhancing the effectiveness of the Ca in providing relief.

L22 ANSWER 1 OF 54 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN

1982:305378 BIOSIS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

BA74:77858

TITLE:

ANTI INFLAMMATORY AND COENZYMIC ACTIVITY OF

PANTOTHENIC-ACID DERIVATIVES IN ADJUVANT ARTHRITIS.

AUTHOR (S):

MOISEENOK A G; ASTRAUSKAS V I; GURINOVICH V A; SHEIBAK V M;

PRON'KO P S; KHOMICH T I; DENISOVA N K; GUNAR V I;

KOPELEVICH V M; ET AL

CORPORATE SOURCE:

hydrolysis.

DEP. METAB. REGUL., ACAD. SCI. B. SSR, GRODNO, USSR.

SOURCE:

KHIM-FARM ZH, (1981) 15 (6), 76-81.

CODEN: KHFZAN. ISSN: 0023-1134.

FILE SEGMENT:

BA; OLD

LANGUAGE:

Russian AB The antiinflammatory and coenzymic activity of calcium

pantothenate, 4'-phosphopantothenic acid, sulfopantetheine, pantethine, homopantothenate and pantoylaminocaproate was studied in experiments on white rats with adjuvant arthritis. Vitamin derivatives,

especially pantothenate, decreased swelling intensity of wjoints in experimental animals only when a course introduction at å dose of 30 mg/kg preceded the induction of arthritis. This was probably related to the effect of the inflammatory process on the induction phase. During the developmental stage of polyarthritis, when the antiinflammatory effect of pantothenic acid derivatives was not manifested, an increase was observed in the total pantothenate content and the content of CoA precursors in hepatocytes, and in the myocardium in animals injected with the preparations. The level of total CoA increased only with calcium pantothenate introduction. Application of calcium pantothenate derivatives caused a normalization in the activity of enzymes of nonspecific CoA